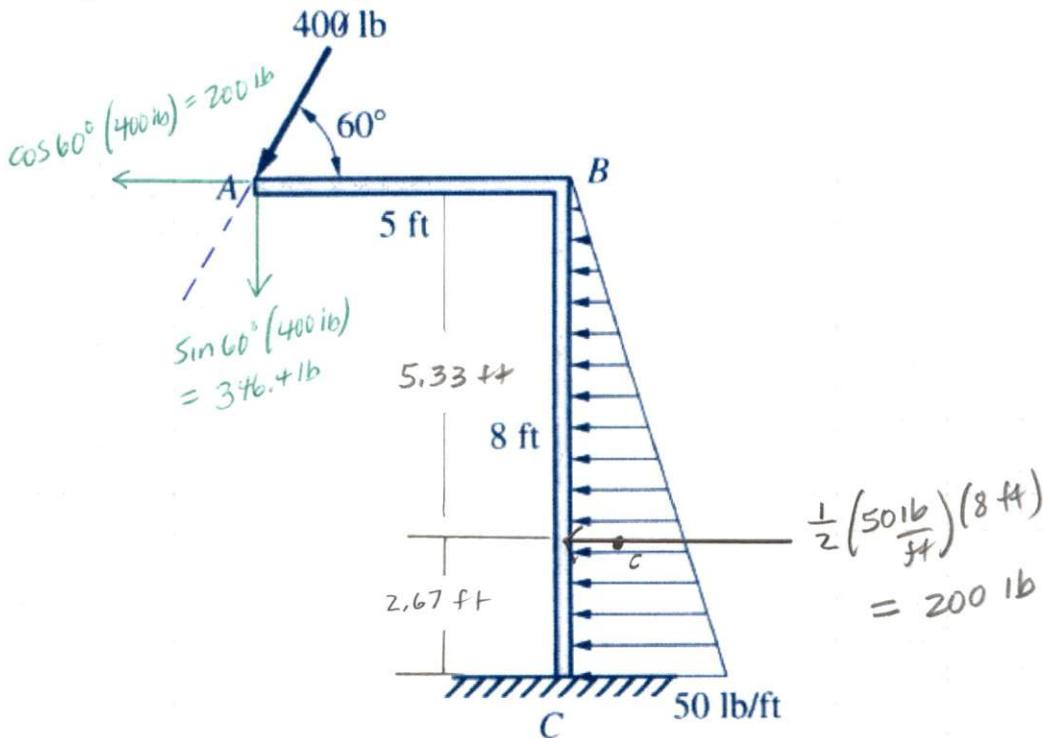


2-83 and 2-84 Replace the loading on the brackets in Fig. P2-83 and Fig. P2-84 with an equivalent resultant force and specify its location along AB measured from a convenient point.

2-84

Solution.



Magnitude

$$R_x = \sum F_x = -200 \text{ lb} - 200 \text{ lb} = -400 \text{ lb} = 400 \text{ lb} \leftarrow \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{Resultant lies} \\ \text{in Quad 3} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$R_y = \sum F_y = -346.4 \text{ lb} = 346.4 \text{ lb} \downarrow$$

$$R = \sqrt{400 \text{ lb}^2 + 346.4 \text{ lb}^2} = 529 \text{ lb}$$

Direction

$$\alpha = \tan^{-1} \left| \frac{346.4 \text{ lb}}{400 \text{ lb}} \right| = 40.9^\circ$$

$$\theta = 180^\circ + 40.9^\circ = 220.9^\circ$$

Location

From A

$$R_y \bar{x} = \sum M_A \\ = -200 \text{ lb} (5.33 \text{ ft}) = -1066 \text{ lb-ft} \quad \square$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{1066 \text{ lb ft}}{346.4 \text{ lb}} = 3.08 \text{ ft to the right of A}$$

$R = 529 \text{ lb} \angle 220.9^\circ$ located 3.08 ft to the right of A
